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SUNDAY
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LATEST FASHIONS
IN KNITWEAR AND JERSEY SUITS

MARGINAL COLUMN
By NISIM REJWAN

NURI Pasha Said formed his first Cabinet in Iraq 27 years ago. During this period he has been 16 times Prime Minister, and his last Ministry, which resigned earlier this month, served for the unusually long term of almost three years, during which he accomplished much in the way of stabilizing Iraq's affairs, gaining independent status, and putting to rest the country's huge income from oil. This Nuri resigned at a time when he seemed at the peak of his power and influence when his chief rival in the Arab world, Colonel Nasser, was in gradual but sure decline, the Baghdad Pact in full ascendancy, King Saud's friendship and support secured, and Jordan snatched from the Egyptian fold not as a result of failure or growing opposition (he had just lifted Martial Law and released a number of political prisoners), but after discharging the work at hand, securing for Iraq a spell of stability and the beginnings of a career of leadership of the Arab world.

IN Baghdad it used to be said — it is no doubt still being said — that whenever "the Pasha" had something really big in mind, when he is contemplating some truly decisive step, he steps out of office and lets his friends and intimates know of it for him — someone not "tainted," somebody with a "good reputation." All Jawdat Ayoubi, an old hand and a loyal servant of the Pasha, was an excellent choice; by last Tuesday he had completed the formation of a strong Cabinet including, beside himself, two former Prime Ministers fairly reputable standing in the Arab world, Tewfik Suweidi, who for some reason is considered more pan-Arab in sentiment than either Said or Ayoubi, was to get the change of office, and Dr. Fadi Jamali, as zealous an Arab Nationalist as any, was to become Minister without Portfolio. There was a tendency to depict the new Cabinet as a coalition which would seek inter-Arab conciliation, work for Arab unity, and otherwise "deviate" from Nuri's policies. Even Cairo Radio, taken in, in its Wednesday morning, however, Ayoubi had re-formed his Cabinet — with Suweidi and Jamali out. It is no secret that the cause of this change of office, of course, Suweidi and Jamali may have declined, although it is certain that their consent was taken prior to their inclusion in the list. The explanation is one which has to do with the chronological coincidence. Although reports on the movements of three Soviet submarines began to appear early last Saturday, there was no certainty about their final destination; as late as Monday, the Commander of the U.S. Sixth Fleet was saying that only the smaller submarine was likely to be given to Egypt, as the other two vessels were "the pride of the Soviet Navy." It was only on Tuesday that it was established that the "purchased" all the three vessels — and the same day reports arrived of "difficulties" encountered by Ayoubi in forming his Cabinet.

ON the face of it, of course, Egypt's acquiring three submarines could be a matter of great concern to Iraq. But affording a base in the Mediterranean for three Soviet submarines, two of which can be of no possible use to Nasser, is quite a different story. The implications are ominous, especially as the move came when Nasser himself had been encouraging the impression that he was a more malleable man, that he had "difficulties" with the Soviet Union, was more affable to the U.S. Ambassador, and that he had settled down to a parliamentary regime in the building of the Aswan Dam and was in other ways minding Egypt's own business. There was a brief spell indeed in which Nuri Pasha might be pardoned for having thought that Nasser was in a mood for a face-saving formula, and that Syria therefore remained the most serious business at hand. Said may have even sensed himself that it had become possible to neutralize Egypt while he made his settlement in Syria.

FOR it is Syria which is now the real bone of contention. Whatever the dish the Pasha is preparing, Syria is sure to figure prominently in it. Nasser's latest affront has no doubt convinced the Iraqis that he is in no mood for compromises over his role in the Arab world. Suweidi and Jamali had, therefore, to be preserved for a more opportune moment. Jerusalem, June 22.

24-Nation U.N. Meeting On Hungary Due

NEW YORK, Saturday (Reuters). — The Western Big Three and 21 other countries which sponsored the U.N. investigation on Hungary may meet in public next week to discuss how to follow up the U.N. indictment of Soviet actions and the present Kadar regime.

After an initial period given to procedural discussion the session possibly would be thrown open to the press and the public.

One suggestion discussed privately was that Secretary General Hammarskjold might be sent to Hungary. It was felt his visit might have some moral effect and give the Hungarians the feeling their plight was not forgotten. Mr. Hammarskjold plans to leave for Sweden soon on home leave and speculation was high that he might go on to Budapest.

Report Said 'Lies'
In Budapest, the Kadar Government said that the U.N. report was a collection of lies prepared for the testimony of "political adventurers, communists, criminals and traitorous refugees."

A statement issued by the Hungarian Foreign Ministry, the first official reaction to the report, said Hungary regarded the Committee's activities as an interference with its domestic affairs and would never recognize its competence.

Meanwhile, Greece asserted yesterday at the U.N. that the British authorities in Cyprus were resorting to police practices and tortures on a much more staggering scale than that disclosed in the U.N. report on Hungary.

Nehru: Hungarian Revolt 'Tragedy'
OSLO, Saturday (Reuters). — Premier Nehru of India said in Oslo today that the revolution in Hungary last autumn was in general a national tragedy, and that there was no doubt it was suppressed by Soviet troops.

U.S. Sending Modern Weapons to S. Korea

SEOUL, Korea, Saturday. — Ultra-modern U.S. jet fighters will be flown in from Japan early next week as the first U.S. move to replace outdated weapons in South Korea, informed sources said today.

The statement was made after the U.N. Command today informed the North Koreans that they had decided on this step following "flagrant, repeated and wilful violations by the Communists of the 1953 armistice agreement."

The planes, presumably including the latest type F-105 all-weather jet fighters, will land in Osan after their short flight from Itazuke Air Base on the southern tip of Japan. According to Seoul observers, the F-105s will be joined by one wing of F-86-F Sabre jets.

They said that the presence of powerful new jet fighters in South Korea — a "top priority" in view of the North Korean jet air force of some 700 planes. By contrast, South Korea's 200-plane air force has only 75 jet fighters and 125 conventional planes.

The South Korean Defence Ministry has recalled all South Korean troops on leave under an emergency alert. A Ministry spokesman said the measure was "strictly precautionary." He refused to comment on whether the North Koreans were on the move but said, "the chances of a North Korean attack on South Korea are always high."

Communist Protest
The senior Communist delegate to the Armistice Commission delivered a formal verbal protest against the U.S. decision to send modern weapons to Korea was in flagrant violation of the Korean armistice agreement banning the introduction of arms for any purpose other than "replacement of expended ones."

In Washington, the Defence Department said the Communists had burned the most modern jet aircraft in Korea and the U.N. Command felt no longer bound by the armistice provisions forbidding modernization of weapons. The U.S. it was added, would begin sending modern weapons to South Korea immediately, including jet planes.

Bourges Asks Vote on Taxes
PARIS, Saturday (Reuters). — France's 23rd postwar Government, less than a fortnight old, is in danger of being overthrown on Monday when it faces a confidence vote over its emergency tax programme.

Syrian Posts Shoot at Israel Fire Fighters

Syrian positions opened fire yesterday evening on members of Kibbutz Goren, sought to fight a fire which had spread from across the border, the Army spokesman announced last night.

At 11 p.m. the fire, which began in Syria, spread into Israel territory. Kibbutz members went into the fields to fight the flames but shooting from across the border forced them back and enabled the blaze to spread to the vicinity of the settlement's buildings.

The Army spokesman reported last night that the kibbutz was wounded, continuing their efforts to control the fire despite Syrian shooting.

Syrian snipers on Friday morning again opened fire on Kibbutz Goren, the Army spokesman has announced. The shots were directed at the school, but there were no casualties.

On Thursday, a labourer in the kibbutz was wounded in the leg in one of two flurries of shots from Syrian positions on the border.

SHEEP STOLEN
JERUSALEM, Saturday (Reuters). — Infiltrators from the Gaza Strip on Thursday night stole a flock of 120 sheep from Kibbutz Nir Yitzhak. The loss is estimated at IL1,500.

The same night, 20 sacks of purple vetch were stolen from Moshav Talmim. The traces of five men led to the Gaza Strip.

GRAIN BURNED
NAHARIYA, Saturday. — More than IL6,000 worth of grain was consumed by a fire which broke out today in the fields of Kibbutz Ein Hamir, near the Safad-Acre road.

U.S. Officials Convinced Soviets Will Help Man Egyptian U-Boats

Hussein Arrives in Baghdad For Vital Financial Talks

BAGHDAD, Saturday (Reuters). — King Hussein arrived here by air today for a three-day official visit. He is to have talks with King Faisal and other Iraqi leaders on the development of Jordan's economy, and the execution of economic and industrial projects with Iraqi capital.

King Hussein was accompanied by Foreign Minister Samir Rifai, the Ministers of Economy and Finance, and the chief of the Royal Cabinet.

Iraq has promised to pay \$1,625,000 sterling to support Jordan economic projects, of which \$250,000 was paid last week as a first instalment.

The Jordan mission is also expected to discuss extra financial aid from Iraq should the need arise.

Serrat Ready For Eban to Return 'Preventive Coup' For Consultations
PARIS, Saturday (Reuters). — The Paris edition of the "New York Herald-Tribune" reported today that Syrian army units and infantry had been ordered to stand by in Damascus this weekend, and if necessary to start a "preventive coup d'etat" against the President and Prime Minister.

The newspaper, quoting diplomatic reports reaching here, said the moves were ordered by Col. Abdur Serrat, pro-Syrian Chief of Military Intelligence.

The reports said Col. Serrat, fighting a continued movement by President Serrat and Premier Sabri Assali to remove him from the country to a less powerful role as Military Attaché in Egypt, Italy or Belgium, took military precautions in the event of the President and Premier turning finally "pro-Western after tomorrow's Lebanese parliamentary elections."

Seen 'Cautious' on Israel Aid

WASHINGTON, Saturday. — U.S. defence officials are convinced that Soviet Navy specialists will be included in the Egyptian crews that are to man the two big submarines recently handed over to Egypt by Soviet Russia.

The third but smaller submarine was also handed over but an all-Egyptian crew is considered capable of handling it.

American officials declined to express an opinion as to what the U.S. reaction would be should Israel request anti-submarine equipment from the U.S. But indications were that the U.S. reaction would be treated with the utmost caution by Washington officials.

Soviet Destroyers Going to Red Sea
CAIRO, Saturday. — The announcement that the Soviet Navy will be closed for 11 hours from 9 p.m. today coincided with the report in Port Said that two Soviet destroyers are due to arrive there tomorrow, and have already asked for permission to pass through the Suez Canal.

The two ships were said to be bound for the Red Sea. (Meanwhile, Baghdad Radio reported that three Soviet warships would go through the Suez Canal during the night, and that the waterway for that reason has been ordered closed.)

No reason was given by the Egyptian Suez Canal authority for the closing down of the Canal, the first time since it was reopened.

In London, Government sources were quoted as saying that British and American warships in the Red Sea have spotted more than one Soviet submarine in recent months. (Reuters, I.N.A.)

Cairo Press Fears Israel-Arab Peace
The real secret of the Baghdad Pact has now become known, it was claimed in order to strengthen the possibilities of a settlement of the Arab-Israeli dispute. "Al-Ahram" the Cairo daily, has stated, in comments on reports of talks between Israel and a number of Arab countries concerning the settlement of the Palestine Arab refugee problem.

IS "G-11" THE TITLE OF A DETECTIVE STORY?
OF course not. G-11 is the abbreviated name of "Hevachlorophene," one of the most effective disinfectants and deodorizing ingredients known to science, which is the active ingredient in "Assouta," Schenck's new toilet soap.

Today's Postbag

The Weather

FORECAST: Bally on coast; warm in the hills and inland.

	21	22	23	24
Tel Aviv	20	21	22	23
Tel Aviv Port	19	20	21	22
Tel Aviv Port	19	20	21	22
Tel Aviv Port	19	20	21	22
Tel Aviv Port	19	20	21	22
Tel Aviv Port	19	20	21	22
Tel Aviv Port	19	20	21	22
Tel Aviv Port	19	20	21	22
Tel Aviv Port	19	20	21	22
Tel Aviv Port	19	20	21	22

(*) Humidity at 8 p.m. (B) Minimum temp. (C) Maximum temp. (D) Maximum temp. expected today.

ARRIVALS

Mr. Jack Bailey, the Secretary-General of the British Co-operative Movement, Dr. M. Nurock, M.K., from the management board meeting of the World Jewish Congress in London (by El Al).

Mr. Aharon Becker, head of the Histadrut Trade Union Department, from the meeting of the International Labour Organization in Geneva.

DEPARTURES

The French Ensemble, Les Compagnons de la chanson, for Paris (by El Al).

THREE PICKPOCKETS

Two of them children, "workmen" of the East, swimming pool vicinity and the third an adult who plied his trade at the Arms Exhibition, were detained by Haifa police yesterday.

FIREMEN

worked for three hours on Friday evening to bring under control a fire which broke out in the Kiryat Anavim settlement near Jerusalem. Two wooden living quarters were razed to the ground. Police are still investigating the cause of the blaze.

OIL DRILLING

at Zikhim was called off on Thursday after the hole was declared dry. The drilling, begun by the Naphtha company some two-and-a-half months ago, is the third drilling in the South that has been abandoned as dry.

THE QUESTION

of whether elections to the Hebrew University Students Association will continue on the basis of party tickets or be changed to an individual basis will be decided by a referendum on Tuesday.

Consumers Urged To

Fight High Beef Price

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — The Consumers Union on Thursday issued a call to the public not to buy fresh beef because of the "steep and unwarranted rise" in its price. The ILA now being asked was a result of the consumers' readiness to pay and not because of increased costs, it stated.

Those who were prepared to pay the "exaggerated price" were helping to push it up further and were depriving a great part of the community of the opportunity of purchasing meat, the Union said. It urged housewives to buy the many cheaper substitutes available, such as canned meat and fish.

BULGARIA PURCHASES

MORE IRON-ORE MEAT

LYDDA AIRPORT, Saturday. — The Israeli meat canning company's sales to Bulgaria over the last two years amounted to \$3.5m, Mr. E. Elat, of the Israeli management, stated here on his return from a business visit to that country.

Bulgaria has now placed an order for half a million cans of non-kosher meat.

SEPHARDI H.Q.

MOVING TO ISRAEL

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — The headquarters of the World Executive of Sephardi Jews is shortly to be transferred to Israel.

This was stated yesterday by Mr. Y. Nitzan M.K., Mr. Menahem Cohen, of the Tel Aviv Labour Council, and Mr. A. Halon of Haifa, who have returned from a conference in London of the Federation of Sephardi Jews.

Emigrants to Brazil Said Cheated By Agents and Legation Clerk

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — The discovery of an "agency" which allegedly arranged visas to Brazil at a charge of thousands of pounds has been claimed by the police. Four men and a woman, a Brazilian Legation clerk, were yesterday remanded in custody for seven days by Magistrate M. Chernobitsky.

It was stated that Haim Lassar, one of two managers of the Dr. Haim Lassar Travel Agency, was suspected of being one of a group of persons who obtained money from persons emigrating to Brazil.

The police suspect that Lassar, together with his chief clerk, Rudolf Pastiano, obtained IL1,000 from each of their clients by telling them that the Brazilian Legation required them to fulfil certain conditions. In fact the consular section of the Legation made no conditions and the two persons suspected of belonging to the illegal organization are Ezra Muskat, proprietor of the Eastcoast agency, and Yosef Schoenfeld, manager of the travel department of Trava Ltd.

The matter was brought to the attention of the police by the Brazilian Legation, and the police investigation has been held with the full co-operation of the Legation.

(Times)

Psychiatrist to See Sex-Change Accused

Asserting that "filthy newspaper publicity" had prejudiced police and public against him, Rina Natan pleaded guilty before the Jerusalem Magistrate's Court on Friday to a charge of indecent behaviour in a public place.

She was arrested on Thursday for removing her clothes in the Municipal Garden on King George Avenue.

Natan claimed that after being of uncertain sex for years, a series of operations had made her a woman.

She told Magistrate Y. Barak that she was born in Germany in 1923, and her parents raised her first as a boy, later as a girl. She underwent three operations in France, where she fled after the Nazis came to power, and a final operation at the Assaf Harofeh Hospital, Sarafed, several months ago.

Natan claims that an X-ray photograph taken at Assaf Harofeh shows that she is possessed only of female organs and was never a male.

She told the court that, because of the publicity, she has been unable to find work and a place to live and has been forced to sleep in public parks. The police had become "prejudiced" against her.

Natan asked to be put in jail, having no other place to live.

The Magistrate directed her to be held for a psychiatric examination.

(Times)

Beduin Obtains Order On Identity Card

A beduin obtained an order from the High Court on Friday cancelling an order of the Ministry of Defence and the Ministry of Interior to show cause why he should not be issued with an identity card.

The petitioner, Musa al-Gur'an, of the Abu Arbiya tribe in the Negev, claims that he is an Israeli citizen but that he may be threatened with expulsion unless he is issued with the citizen's identity card due him. Once, he claims, an attempt was made by Israeli security forces to expel him from Jordan to sign some paper, his guards permitted him to return to his tribe.

The petitioner contends that he registered with the Ministry of Interior, but like many Beduin, was never issued with an identity card. He states that since the attempted expulsion, he has been permitted to receive official permits to visit Beer-sheva but that his citizenship has not been recognized.

(Times)

10 Million Cinema Visits In Tel Aviv Last Year

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Nearly 10 million visits were paid to cinemas here during the 1956-57 fiscal year (April 1956 to March 1957), topping the previous year's figure by about 200,000, and the 1954-55 total by about one million, according to figures issued by the Municipality.

The average daily attendance was 22,461. There are 31 cinemas in the city, including five open-air ones. The total number of seats is 24,176.

Receipts from the sale of tickets, including Yahav Magen, amounted to nearly IL1m, some IL1m, less than the preceding year's total of IL950,000, according to the same source.

In the next few weeks more elections will be held from Aish in the west to Ashdod in the east of this 3,000-mile long archipelago.

Trucks of troops stood by in the streets of Jakarta to reinforce the normally heavy security force on duty in the city.

The Communists have done the heaviest electioneering. They have erected the biggest, most elaborate and most numerous signs and posters and have campaigned vigorously in villages.

Their opponents say the Communist benefitted from the recent visit to Indonesia of the Soviet President, Marshal Klement Voroshilov, when the hammer-and-sickle symbol was displayed prominently throughout the country on Russian flags wherever the Soviet visitor travelled.

The coming elections follow the failure of the nationalist parties to survive as a coalition government in the face of internal economic and political crisis, the introduction of a form of martial law and the creation by President Sukarno of an emergency Cabinet, in which the Communists are represented.

DERAILED. — One person was killed and 56 others injured when an express train ran off the rails near Casimiro de Abreu, between Rio de Janeiro and Campos, last Thursday.

Histadrut-Aita Gov't Aid for Negev Textile Factories

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — The Histadrut and the Aita Management are to meet tomorrow to discuss the Minister of Labour's findings on the six-week old strike at the plant. Signs of a possible thaw in the deadlock were indicated today following a report by the Histadrut spokesmen that contact between the Aita Management and the Histadrut had been made during the last few days.

Tomorrow's meeting will be attended by Mr. F. Lavon, Histadrut Secretary-General, Mr. A. Becker, Mr. Y. Meshol, Mr. Y. Almog, Secretary of the Aita Management, and other members of the Council, and by Mr. Haim Moller, Manager, Director of Aita and other representatives of the Management.

The installation of essential services and building of roads and housing would also be the Government's responsibility, Mr. Sapir declared. The plan, as envisaged by the Minister, would involve an investment of IL1m, to IL2m, and include spinning, drying, printing, weaving and finishing facilities.

He added that expansion of established plants to Dimona or Eilat was no more an opening gambit than the opening of these plants had been in the centre of the country 30 or 40 years ago.

Building Activity In Negev Up 50%

BEERSHEBA, Saturday. — Building activity in the Negev increased by 50 per cent in the first six months of 1957 compared with the same period in 1956, the local Building Workers' Union reported yesterday.

Since January, 1,446 housing units for new immigrants and 134 units built under the Popular Housing Scheme have been erected. Of these, two-thirds were put up in Beersheba and the remainder farther south.

Sole Boneh today employs 2,100 building workers in the Negev, the Union revealed. However, there is a serious shortage of skilled workers.

Gov't to Help Haifa Rebuild Lower Town

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — The Ministry of Finance and the Haifa Municipality have decided to establish a joint company to develop the Lower Town.

The company, which will have an initial capital of IL500,000, will have the task of rebuilding the Lower Town, still scarred from the War of Liberation, and transforming it into an office and business centre. The Development Authority will hold 75 per cent of the company's shares, and the Municipality 25 per cent.

Mapai Convention Resumes in October

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Plans to gear the country for the absorption of coming immigrants will be put to the Mapai Convention, which is scheduled to meet at the end of October. Changes in the Hevrat Ovdim Organization will also be discussed.

The date and the agenda, arranged yesterday by the Mapai Secretariat, require confirmation by the party's Central Committee.

Officially the Convention is the second session of the Convention held in May last year, and its composition will be the same.

World Mayors May Meet in Israel in 1961

LYDDA AIRPORT, Saturday. — The 1961 congress of the International League of Local Authorities is likely to be held in Israel, Mr. Haim Levanon, Mayor of Tel Aviv, declared yesterday on his arrival by El Al from this year's congress in The Hague.

Arriving with him was Mr. A. Krinitz, Mayor of Ramat Gan.

Two of the Israel delegates, Mr. Gershon Agon, Mayor of Jerusalem, and Mr. Levanon, spoke at the congress. Mr. Agon was elected a member of the Executive.

Mr. Levanon and Mr. Krinitz toured Antwerp and Brussels after the congress, and visited the factory producing the installations for the abattoir to be erected near the Holon-Rishon-Lezion crossroads. Last Wednesday, they were invited to speak at the Diamond Bourse in Antwerp on behalf of the General Zionist organization.

Average Israeli Age Higher Since 1948

The average age of the Israeli population was increased since the establishment of the State, according to a report issued on Friday by the Central Bureau of Statistics.

Whereas in 1948 half the population was at its most productive age (20 to 30), only 48 per cent fell in the same age group in 1956, after eight years of immigration. Nineteen per cent of the country was over 45 in 1948, as compared with 23 per cent last year.

On the other hand, only 37 per cent of the population was under 20 in 1948, as compared with 41 per cent in 1956.

The report also shows that male males outnumber females in the under-24 age group, the women have a decided edge above 35. Life expectancy for women in 1956 was 71, and for men only 68.

HONOURING NAHALAL FARM SCHOOL HEAD

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Some 600 graduates of the Wino Agricultural Secondary School at Nahalal assembled yesterday to honour the school's founder and director, Miss Hanna Melchior-Schochat, and former teachers and instructors.

Among those present were Mrs. Ruth Dayan, wife of the Chief of Staff, who had studied at Nahalal, and former pupils from all parts of the country.

Among the speakers were Mrs. Rebecca Siff, World Vice President; Mrs. Rosa Ginzberg, Chairman of the World Wine Executive, and Mrs. Chila Shoshan, Chairman of Wino's Agricultural Training Department.

Jaffa Maccabi Oust Tel Aviv Hapoel from Israel Soccer Cup

Jerusalem Post Staff

There was a shock in the semi-finals of the Israel Football Cup yesterday when National League champions, Tel Aviv Hapoel, lost 1-0 at Jaffa to Jaffa Maccabi, who finished in bottom place in the League struggle last season.

The other game gave rise to a great struggle, which remained at a stalemate, two-all, after an extra half-hour's play, between Petah Tikva Hapoel and Tel Aviv Maccabi at Haifa.

Honours Even In Semi-Final at Haifa

Jerusalem Post Staff

HAIFA, Saturday. — Petah Tikva Hapoel and Tel Aviv Maccabi drew 2-2 in the semi-final of the Israel Cup at the City stadium this afternoon before some 8,000 spectators.

The match was a typical cup game full of tension and many exciting moments. But the standard was not very high, and many of the players seemed nervous. Hapoel played the better game, and had the initiative most of the time, with their forward line on the offensive, throughout with well-planned and dangerous moments. Maccabi distinguished themselves in defence, particularly goalkeeper Ben-Dori, their best player.

But there was no co-ordination in the forward line, although "Shaky" Glasser was dangerous at times. Nahari, of Hapoel, scored the first goal in the 36th minute. Outside-left Mirnovits equaled in the 58th minute. There was no further score once after 90 minutes, referee Weiner ordered another 30 minutes play.

Nahari netted again in the 107th minute, but in the closing minutes of extra time, Remik made it even again at 2:2 from a freekick from 40 metres. The sides will have to meet again to settle the issue.

Other result: Haifa Hapoel 6, Kiryat Haim Hap. Yth. 2.

Jerusalem Cricketers No Match for Ashkelon

Jerusalem Cricket Club, without some of their best players, were no match for their hosts, Ashkelon C.C., in a "friendly" yesterday, and lost by 102 runs. Final scores: Jerusalem 57; Ashkelon 159.

Going in first, only Jerusalem's first three men stood up to the Ashkelon bowling. Gibbins (15), Tester (13) and Haim were out. The rest featured among four "ducks" and four ones from the rest of the side. Brown, with three for 10, and Gillon, two for 18, were the most effective bowlers for the hosts.

Ashkelon, most comfortable on their home pitch, passed the Jerusalem total after losing only three wickets. Brown, opening bat, made 25, including one six and three fours, while Myerovits was top scorer with a lusty 45 (including one six and five fours). Gillon contributed 30 and Hurvitz 23 (retired) in Ashkelon's big score.

Jerusalem's main bowlers — Tester and Honig — could do little against the confident Ashkelon men, and it was left to Jack Levine, Epstein, bowling slow left-handers, to command respect. His final figures were: 12 overs, 2 maidens, 37 runs, five wickets.

ENGLAND WINS 2ND TEST BY AN INNINGS

England won the second cricket test match at Lord's yesterday by an innings and 100 runs, taking just under three hours to beat the West Indies and gain a 1-0 lead in the five-match series. The first was drawn. The final scores were: West Indies, 127 and 261; England, 434.

POLICE SEIZE TWO UNLICENSED TENDERS

Two tenders bound for the seashore from Jerusalem were detained at 7 a.m. yesterday in the Romema quarter because the drivers had no permit for carrying passengers. The vehicles were impounded and released in the afternoon.

This is the second Sabbath that Jerusalem police have found unlicensed tenders carrying passengers.

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Jerusalem Post Staff

HAIFA, Saturday. — Petah Tikva Hapoel and Tel Aviv Maccabi drew 2-2 in the semi-final of the Israel Cup at the City stadium this afternoon before some 8,000 spectators.

The match was a typical cup game full of tension and many exciting moments. But the standard was not very high, and many of the players seemed nervous. Hapoel played the better game, and had the initiative most of the time, with their forward line on the offensive, throughout with well-planned and dangerous moments. Maccabi distinguished themselves in defence, particularly goalkeeper Ben-Dori, their best player.

But there was no co-ordination in the forward line, although "Shaky" Glasser was dangerous at times. Nahari, of Hapoel, scored the first goal in the 36th minute. Outside-left Mirnovits equaled in the 58th minute. There was no further score once after 90 minutes, referee Weiner ordered another 30 minutes play.

Nahari netted again in the 107th minute, but in the closing minutes of extra time, Remik made it even again at 2:2 from a freekick from 40 metres. The sides will have to meet again to settle the issue.

Other result: Haifa Hapoel 6, Kiryat Haim Hap. Yth. 2.

Jerusalem Cricketers No Match for Ashkelon

Jerusalem Cricket Club, without some of their best players, were no match for their hosts, Ashkelon C.C., in a "friendly" yesterday, and lost by 102 runs. Final scores: Jerusalem 57; Ashkelon 159.

Going in first, only Jerusalem's first three men stood up to the Ashkelon bowling. Gibbins (15), Tester (13) and Haim were out. The rest featured among four "ducks" and four ones from the rest of the side. Brown, with three for 10, and Gillon, two for 18, were the most effective bowlers for the hosts.

Ashkelon, most comfortable on their home pitch, passed the Jerusalem total after losing only three wickets. Brown, opening bat, made 25, including one six and three fours, while Myerovits was top scorer with a lusty 45 (including one six and five fours). Gillon contributed 30 and Hurvitz 23 (retired) in Ashkelon's big score.

Jerusalem's main bowlers — Tester and Honig — could do little against the confident Ashkelon men, and it was left to Jack Levine, Epstein, bowling slow left-handers, to command respect. His final figures were: 12 overs, 2 maidens, 37 runs, five wickets.

ENGLAND WINS 2ND TEST BY AN INNINGS

England won the second cricket test match at Lord's yesterday by an innings and 100 runs, taking just under three hours to beat the West Indies and gain a 1-0 lead in the five-match series. The first was drawn. The final scores were: West Indies, 127 and 261; England, 434.

POLICE SEIZE TWO UNLICENSED TENDERS

Two tenders bound for the seashore from Jerusalem were detained at 7 a.m. yesterday in the Romema quarter because the drivers had no permit for carrying passengers. The vehicles were impounded and released in the afternoon.

This is the second Sabbath that Jerusalem police have found unlicensed tenders carrying passengers.

Mapai Convention Resumes in October

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Plans to gear the country for the absorption of coming immigrants will be put to the Mapai Convention, which is scheduled to meet at the end of October. Changes in the Hevrat Ovdim Organization will also be discussed.

The date and the agenda, arranged yesterday by the Mapai Secretariat, require confirmation by the party's Central Committee.

Officially the Convention is the second session of the Convention held in May last year, and its composition will be the same.

World Mayors May Meet in Israel in 1961

LYDDA AIRPORT, Saturday. — The 1961 congress of the International League of Local Authorities is likely to be held in Israel, Mr. Haim Levanon, Mayor of Tel Aviv, declared yesterday on his arrival by El Al from this year's congress in The Hague.

Arriving with him was Mr. A. Krinitz, Mayor of Ramat Gan.

Two of the Israel delegates, Mr. Gershon Agon, Mayor of Jerusalem, and Mr. Levanon, spoke at the congress. Mr. Agon was elected a member of the Executive.

Mr. Levanon and Mr. Krinitz toured Antwerp and Brussels after the congress, and visited the factory producing the installations for the abattoir to be erected near the Holon-Rishon-Lezion crossroads. Last Wednesday, they were invited to speak at the Diamond Bourse in Antwerp on behalf of the General Zionist organization.

Average Israeli Age Higher Since 1948

The average age of the Israeli population was increased since the establishment of the State, according to a report issued on Friday by the Central Bureau of Statistics.

Whereas in 1948 half the population was at its most productive age (20 to 30), only 48 per cent fell in the same age group in 1956, after eight years of immigration

Moulding German Army

Case of Drowned Conscripts Typical of Inexperience

By HERBERT HAFNER

BERLIN (O.F.N.S.)—

THE tragic accident by which 15 young conscripts of the new West German Bundeswehr were drowned earlier this month when inadvertently ordered to wade in full kit through the rapid treacherous Iller River, during training exercises, has brought to light certain structural shortcomings of the new West German Army which it will take some considerable time to overcome. It provides a warning both to the Germans and to their allies not to expect that army to become a fully-fledged, battle-worthy force in the near future.

It had at first been thought that the disaster was a parallel to the Marine sergeant case which aroused the United States last year—i.e. an example of an inexperienced and ruthless training leading to human sacrifices; and it had even been suggested, among others by the West German Minister, Herr Franz-Josef Strauss, that the soldiers in question might have been justified in refusing obedience to an order which clearly endangered their lives. Investigations have shown that these assumptions were wide of the mark. The fatal order was given by a sergeant, a young sergeant and neither he nor the boy soldiers who obeyed it had the slightest inkling that it involved a peril to their lives. The tragic event was the result not of a deliberate, ruthless disregard of human life, but of sheer inexperience and amateurishness.

Make-shift Arrangements

But it is just this which gives the sad episode its wider significance, for the investigations have also shown that inexperience is the almost inevitable result of the existing state of personnel organization in many parts of the Bundeswehr. It has been found that the unhappy sergeant in question, who now faces criminal proceedings, had himself only nine months of military training before being charged with training others; that N.C.O.'s are charged with training tasks throughout the battalion in question; that each company of this battalion is a parachute battalion intended to become an elite unit, has only one officer (instead of three or four as would be normal), and that these few officers are so overwhelmed with paperwork that they can give only insufficient attention to the supervision of training; that in consequence of the resulting muddle a battalion order forbidding any crossing of the Iller had never reached the sergeant who caused the accident.

It looks as if a similar state of make-shift prevails in other units. A case has just been reported which provides an almost perfect counterpart to that of the unfortunate sergeant who caused the Iller accident; a sergeant-major in Schleswig Holstein who had never been through any instructor's course was ordered to take over the training of a unit of new recruits. He refused because he did not feel qualified to undertake the responsibility and was arrested for disobedience to military orders.

Training Needed

The fact is that it could be foreseen as much as a year ago that the conditions for the proper training of conscripts would not exist in the West German Army at this time, and in the Bundesrat (Lower House) conscription debate last July warnings had indeed been given that the new cadres of the Bundeswehr could not possibly be ready to receive and absorb conscripts in 1957.

The building up of these cadres had begun only a little over a year ago. A large part of the junior regimental officers and N.C.O.'s had never seen any military service before. They would need much more than a year's training on their own before they could be considered qualified leaders, safely to be entrusted with the training of new conscripts. Moreover, their own

training was inevitably hampered by the conditions inseparable from the untidy first beginnings of a new military organization; lack of proper equipment, shortcomings of accommodation, incomplete administration, constant churning and changing of personnel, etc. The call-up of conscripts this April, even though restricted to the modest number of 10,000 semi-volunteers, was in such conditions wildly premature.

The impatience with which the build-up of the new West German Army is being watched in allied circles is, in the circumstances, thoughtless and unjustified. It leaves out of account that all military training is a long process, even a couple of years, but of rather something like a decade.

War Veterans

When the professional 100,000-man Reichswehr of Weimar Germany was established in 1920 it could draw on more than 700,000 seasoned young veterans of the First World War, who had volunteered for it. Even so it took some four years before the Reichswehr was a fully-trained and fully-organized fighting force; and the relatively rapid expansion of Hitler's conscript Wehrmacht—which even so took another four years, from 1933-39, was only possible because of the quite exceptional quality of the long serving cadres provided in the 15 years of the professional Reichswehr, which was spoken of at the time as "an army of N.C.O.'s."

In 1956, when the build-up of the new West German professional cadres began, there were less than 200,000 volunteers from whom to choose, more than half of them without any military experience whatever, and many of the others somewhat over age. And yet it was thought possible to pass to the stage of conscription and mass training in 1957 and the former West German Defence Minister, Herr Theodor Blank, even stuck to the last to a programme of having 500,000 men under arms by the end of 1958. This was a wholly fantastic programme, which bore no relation to any military possibility. The present Defence Minister, Herr Strauss, aims more modestly, at 300,000 men by 1960. Even this may well prove too ambitious.

Friday's Press :

Soviets Stir Up Trouble

By a process of elimination Davar (Histadrut) concludes that it is only the Gaza Strip and Syrian borders, i.e. the fronts under the surveillance of two Soviet-inspired Arab countries, that have been "alive" of late. That flings back into the face of Moscow the charge that the "imperialists" were whipping it up here as an excuse for armed intervention. Facts show that just the contrary is the case. Even Nehru has just come out with a statement that Israel has a right to passage through Suez. So there is no one else but the Soviets.

Al Hamsimar (Mapam) rejects Russia's "unprincipled Middle East policy" which pins all its hopes on a pro-greedy and war-mongering dictator. The submarine sent to Egypt are not a Soviet show of strength and not even an effort to offset the impression made by the 8th Fleet; they are only reinforcement of the Egyptian Navy meant to be turned against Israel.

Ha'aretz (non-party) thinks that the question is whether Israel should or should not apply to the Hague Court (which according to Nehru should be asked for an opinion, not a ruling, on Israel's rights in Suez). The whole affair is a delicate one, might lead to the Court's being asked for its opinion

on the Gulf of Akaba as well. If we desire to come to an understanding with Egypt will a law contest at the Hague Court make sense for Nasser (provided he so desires) to resume normal relations with us? The problem needs a good deal of thought.

Lamerhav (Abdud Ha'avoda) takes a grave view of the Gaza Strip attacks and writes that if the Secretary-General hopes to use them as a pretext for stationing UNEF units on our side of the border as well as taking over the Nitzana Zone, his efforts will prove fruitless.

These murders should be exploited for the purpose of robbing Israel of territory. The Secretary-General must also be given to understand that there must be a limit to the sufferings of the citizens of Israel.

Hatsole (World Mizrahil), on the reported refugee settlement talks, writes that just as the State of Israel is an inalienable fact, so is the presence of tens of thousands of Jewish settlers in abandoned Arab towns and villages. Any negotiations for the refugees in Arab countries. A genuine desire to find a direct and just solution will receive every encouragement from Israel.

Some good singing interspersed with a slow march of gipsy melodies. It was done by Olga Silk with a lovely "Carmen" voice and Lazzio Paloca, a good character singer with a well-trained, flexible voice. The dancing was provided by two excellent men, Georgy Klappa and Taus Lajos (the programme gave only three different versions of this name) and three ladies.

Though the choreography was done by an experienced hand, the people who had come to see some folk dancing, like this reviewer, were disappointed: it was a floor show in a better middle-class establishment. But, then a lot of people—and not only those of our friends who hail from Hungary—like to spend an evening with a gipsy band. They will get their expectations fulfilled and will enjoy it.

Y. BOHEM

Abroad

Under the auspices of the American-Palestine Jewish Institutions, David Bar-Ilan, the Halfa-born pianist, has left New York for a tour of 23 concerts in South America, including a large number of appearances with orchestras. The ten countries he will visit include Venezuela, Brazil, Argentina, Peru, Chile and Uruguay.

FOR lovers of variety shows there was quite a lot to enjoy. Astal Verres' gipsy orchestra consists of some extraordinary musicians who gave very good examples of their virtuosity and musicianship, playing on the laporgio (clarinet), cymbal and of course the violin. Here one prima-handled over to the next and played as one expects from

these master fiddlers. (The one in blue behaved like Sacha Parnes imitating a gipsy prima!) My choice goes to the excellent double bass player.

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THROUGH A GLASS DARKLY

By Lea Ben Dor

THERE are many versions of what happens when a blind man looks for a black cat in a dark room, but the effort is misapplied. Much the same sort of futility resulted even on a bright June morning last week, when the Knesset heard two motions for the agenda asking for a general debate on "Shin Beth" (the Security Service), and Mr. Ben-Gurion, in his capacity as Minister of Defence, to whom the Security Service is directly responsible—replied. But neither side ever got down to anything at all specific, for or against, presumably for reasons of security.

Mr. Peretz Bernstein, who was a member of the Cabinet when the General Zionists were in office, started the ball rolling. He deplored at that time, Mr. Soszyeff, had begun to suspect his telephone wire had been tapped, and so, possibly, had his own. When he

had complained to the Prime Minister—Mr. Sharett—he had been assured this was not a fact.

He had not accepted the explanation, because "a responsible personality" had assured him it was true. He could not reveal the name of the personality, so he could offer no proof. Mr. Sharett and the Shin Beth itself also failed to prove that his line had not been tapped for it is proverbially difficult to prove a negative statement. In fact, blind man failed to catch black cat, if there was a cat.

Mr. Bernstein's other complaint was one that has been heard before. It was suspicious that the Shin Beth should have laid their hands on the suspects in the Kastner murder so quickly. The implication is, of course, that such efficiency is unheard of in Israeli Government circles, and hence there must be some sinister explanation, such as that the plan to kill Kastner had been known to Shin Beth.

Furthermore, if they were so quick about catching dangerous terrorists, how was it that they had failed to offer an explanation of the five minor bombing incidents just before the 1953 elections, two of which were directed against the magazine "Haolam Hazeh" and the three others against General Zionists meetings and personalities? The answer to this point came, somewhat obliquely from the Prime Minister, and may have been generally missed. The terrorists, said Mr. Ben-Gurion, who rejected slings and sought to introduce a new and large Kingdom of Israel, were subject to Shin Beth supervision, as they were considered a potential danger to national security. An informer had been maintained in the group

who knew who its leaders were, if not all their plans.

The bomb deposited in the house of Mr. Rokach in Tel Aviv, whoever may have placed it there, was obviously connected with the election campaign. Shin Beth does not infiltrate or supervise non-terrorist political parties, and therefore was not equipped ahead to supply proof of who committed these malicious crimes, which appear in any case to have been the result of private initiative rather than anything else. Blind man complaining that there is no cat.

MR. Haim Landau, of Herut, had a simpler complaint. The Shin Beth, he said, was simply a Mapai organization, and existed for the purpose of spying upon other parties for its own purposes. They listened in the telephone conversations of the elected representatives of the people, snooped in their private letters, installed microphones in their studies, and who knew in what other ways they interfered in the private lives of the citizen?

Mr. Landau had no specific evidence of having been personally victimized, but this lack of evidence might just prove the devilish cleverness of the operators. Another black cat that got away.

THERE was tense interest in the hall when the Prime Minister rose to reply, and especially when he said he was glad of this opportunity of telling the Knesset about Shin Beth. He then proceeded to explain that the Security Service was a secret organization, and that he was not prepared to announce the name of its operational head. The man who was responsible for its policy was himself, and complaints could be ad-

ressed to him. But he said also that almost the whole of its work was taken up with frustrating the widespread activities of foreign agents of all Government departments. There is certainly no indication, for instance, that any advance news of the Sinai campaign plans reached the foreign ears at any time, or of any other successes here by foreign agents; but of course he was able to give no details, and people who prefer to believe that the organization is maintained in order to record the conversations of cabinet ministers with their offices cannot be prevented from so doing.

Mr. Ben-Gurion said that in addition to foreign agents, the remnants of the terrorist organizations were supervised, and so was the potential fifth column—the reference was presumably to the Communist Party's frequent identification with Arab aims in this part of the world. He hoped that work in connection with the terrorists would become superfluous in due course, but believed that the other two problems would remain with us for an indefinite period. He also observed that of course Shin Beth was subject to the investigations of the State Controller, who uses a special team for his work in the Defence Ministry, which is permitted access to matters concerning national security. Indeed, it is curious that articles should have appeared in several papers stating there was no such control, as the fact of the control is a matter easily ascertained.

Mr. Ben-Gurion himself proposed that further discussion should take place in the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee, where it was possible to speak more freely. (This Committee, by a curious coincidence, has no Communist members.) Any further public discussion, with all facts and names omitted by mutual agreement, would merely have extended the subject's antia to the point of utter absurdity.

At the same time the secrecy surrounding the personnel and work of Shin Beth has exposed this organization to crops of rumours. It has been generally suggested in opposition circles that the Shin Beth fight desperately for its underground status—presumably in order to have a free hand. But as the free hand in any case is illusion, the organization has often pressed for official status, not only for the natural reason that people like to be appreciated for their work, but because they want to be in a position to refute charges made against them, such as the one that they are not the subjects of the checking of the State Controller. It is believed that Mr. Ben-Gurion explained why he could not make such a change to the special Cabinet on Tuesday evening, and that his argument found "general acceptance."

OFFENDING MAIL

PARIS (Reuters).—Mail with Egypt's postage stamp claiming "Victory" against the Franco-British Suez expedition is being sent back to Egypt, the French post office has stated.

The spokesman said that the Post-Office Ministry considers the "Victory" stamps "offensive in character." It has involved a clause in an international Postal Union agreement under which any member country can refuse the right to admit "offending" stamps.

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EVIDENCE

is accumulating that the Soviet submarines sold to Egypt will not be dedicated to the sole purpose of interfering with shipping to Eilat. There has been a build-up of Soviet naval power in the Eastern Mediterranean, and destroyers have been cruising in the Red Sea. In due course, no doubt, the explanation will emerge from Moscow that this marine re-deployment was made necessary by the allegedly aggressive intentions of the Eisenhower Doctrine, in the same way as we were told this time last year that Egypt was armed by Russia in the first place owing to the threat to the U.S.S.R. contained in the Baghdad Pact. It would be criminal to cherish the illusion that these manoeuvres are not dangerous and cannot lead to world war simply because there is evidence that neither side seeks or wishes all-out war. Both sides do seek political and strategic advantage, and use what has come to be known as the "brinkmanship" first invented by the U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dulles. There is enough in this to explain, if an explanation were needed, why the State Department should have hurried to indicate that it would be reluctant to supply Israel with anti-submarine equipment, such as a move might give an excuse to increase the Soviet build-up to dangerous levels, while the present forces may be dangerous to Israel shipping, but not yet to the U.S. interests in this area.

Egypt has maintained a studied silence on the subject of the submarines, confining herself to vague suggestions that they are required for self-defence against aggressive Israel intentions in the Akaba Gulf, regardless of the fact that 20,000-ton ocean-going vessels are hardly required for this task.

Whatever the ultimate purpose of the new Soviet vessels, they have at the present moment supplied Egypt with an aggressive weapon to deploy in a sensitive region. It is true that a man may buy burglar's tools merely in case his own front door should jam some time, but the simpler interpretation is also the more likely. There has been a curious conspiracy of silence concerning the progress made with regard to shipping in the Gulf, and it is still at least arguable that this silence helped to maintain a quiet there. Possibly the submarines intended for other purposes, will not actually be used to attack shipping on its way to and from the port of Eilat. It is serious enough that their mere presence may tend to discourage foreign vessels from entering the area on their way to the Israel port, even though ships under a foreign flag would be much less liable to attack than Israel vessels. It has been made simply plain to all concerned—including, more particularly, the United States—that any attack on an Israel vessel will be considered an attack on Israel soil, and cause for war. Nor need it be supposed that lack of special equipment would make it insupportably difficult to hunt the submarines in the narrow Akaba and Red Sea waters, as planes can be equally effective under these circumstances.

No-one will welcome the fact that the initiative has once more passed to Egypt, and that the unmolested Finnish outposts at Sharm-el-Sheikh can no longer offer any degree of security to shipping.

Jews Tried in Berlin

For Aiding Gestapo

BERLIN, Saturday (Reuters).

Court officials had to prevent angry witnesses from attacking a blonde, 34-year-old Jewess during her trial here yesterday on charges of helping in the murder and attempted murder of about 30 Jews during the war. The prosecution alleges that Mrs. Kuebler Isaakow, who has already served most of a 10-year sentence in Russia for war crimes, denounced fellow Jews to the Gestapo who her husband, Adolf Isaakow, Mrs. Isaakow denies all the allegations.

MUSICAL DIARY

The Kol Yisrael Orchestra, Helmut Freudenthal, conductor. Dr. Hertz, violin; Herr Israel, piano; Natan Duesterwald, flute (Y.M.C.A., June 18); Ben Peret, saxophone; Chasidim, guitar; Chasidim, piano; Mendelssohn, Capriccio Brillante, op. 25; Lalo, Symphonie Espagnole.

To present young talent at a Tuesday night concert was a splendid idea. Not only did the soloists display a remarkably high standard, but a large number of young listeners were drawn into the hall and responded to the performance enthusiastically. Apart from the unskipped choice of the numbers—dull powdered wig of a Quanta, one of the simplest of piano drills by Mendelssohn, or Lalo's Violin Concerto which has long found its rightful place among the "Light Classical Requests" programmes—one could be very happy about the budding musicians' first recitals.

Natan Duesterwald is already in possession of an appreciable digital technique, a pleasant, if somewhat phrasing, and good musical phrasing. Herr Israel, undoubtedly the strongest talent of the evening, promises to develop into a first-class pianist and her further progress should be followed with interest.

Overa Harrison had two drawings to show, a poor instrument and a truly poor technical ability, but even so she made a fine show of her talent.

The concert opened with the first performance of Dan Per's Suite for Orchestra, a pleasant beginning for a modest young composer who is in search of the right mode for expressing his musical inventions and intentions. The orchestra gave it a sympathetic reading and accompanied the other works on the programme well.

Kol Yisrael now has a chance to present young conductors during the interval between Mr. Freudenthal's seasonal departure and Georgy Singer's taking over the baton. Yehudi Wagnman, who made his debut as conductor with the Kibbutz Hameuhad orchestra, has not been heard yet; Noam Sherif, who presented the University orchestra in a creditable performance recently, should be given a chance, whilst Arye Zemanek, Gary Bertini and Moshe Had, nor have not appeared on the platform with the Kol Yisrael Orchestra for a long time.

The Hungarian Folk Music and Dance Ensemble (Edison Hall, June 19).

FOR lovers of variety shows there was quite a lot to enjoy. Astal Verres' gipsy orchestra consists of some extraordinary musicians who gave very good examples of their virtuosity and musicianship, playing on the laporgio (clarinet), cymbal and of course the violin. Here one prima-handled over to the next and played as one expects from